



Partner with  $\underset{L \downarrow T E R A C Y}{}$  for a powerful Tier 3 solution.

# **Targeted Lesson Sampler**



## Achieve reading mastery.

# It's a confidence maker.

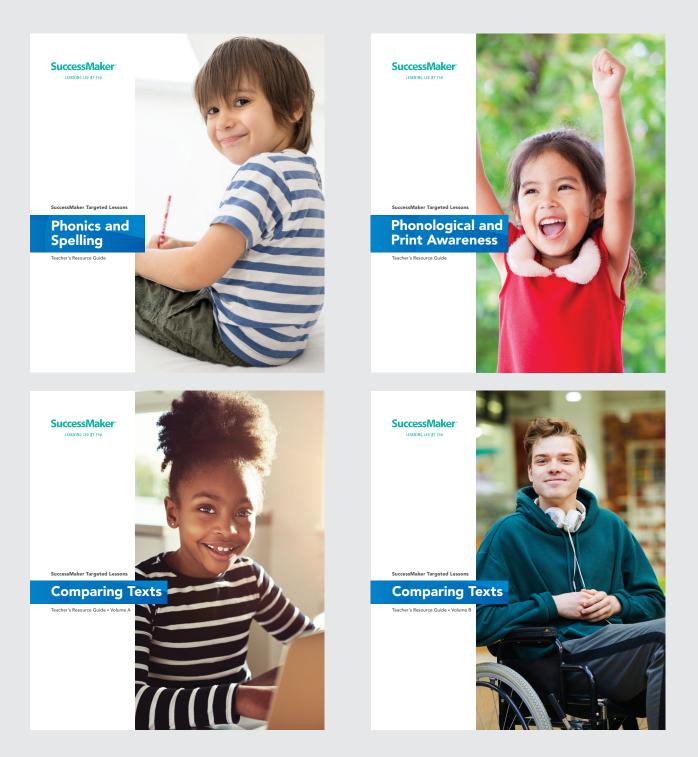
**Targeted Lessons** focus on finding and fixing student misconceptions.

Use scaffolded, teacher-led instruction, student interaction, and guided reading discussion to build understanding.

- 1. Whole-class, small-group, or one-on-one grouping.
- 2. Available digitally or for purchase in print.
- **3.** Provide remediation, enrichment, and homework.
- **4.** Use the *SuccessMaker* Areas of Difficulty report to identify students who are having difficulty.



# **Organized by Strand.**



Targeted Lessons print components for each Strand:

- Teacher's Resource Guide
- Student Practice

### Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, -or

#### Language Objectives

- Decode words with suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, and -or.
- Spell words with suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, and -or.

#### **Building Literacy** -

Being able to recognize affixes, including the suffixes -*ly*, -*ful*, -*er*, and -*or*, is an important part of phonics instruction. Recognizing and understanding suffixes helps children decode and understand many unfamiliar multisyllable words. In this lesson:

- Students learn the meaning of suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, and -or.
- Students learn to decode words with suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, and -or.
- Students learn to spell words with suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, and -or.

#### Focus on Language -

These English words are used in this lesson. Consider using gestures, displaying pictures, or using simple context sentences with the words to make sure the English learners have these words in their vocabulary.

bravely	loudly	quietly
happily	playful	editor
slowly	farmer	skillful
helpful	inventor	helper
painful	painter	quickly
useful	harmful	dancer
driver	safely	pitcher
singer	sailor	catcher
teacher	graceful	wonderful
actor	lazily	
creator	handful	
visitor	writer	



#### ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNERS

Make sure students understand the meaning of the base words before adding suffixes. Point out that the suffixes -*er* and -*or* have the same meaning and pronunciation (/ər/). Many languages do not have a positive transfer for *r*-controlled vowels. Provide children with ample practice pronouncing the suffixes.

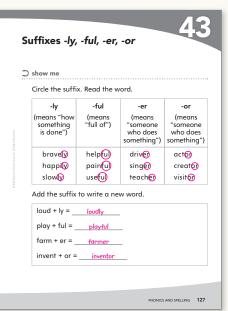
Strategies emphasize best practices to support English Language Learners.

Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er-, -or

#### show me

Have children look at their Targeted Lessons Student Book, p. 127. Today you will learn how to read and spell words with suffixes. A suffix is a word part added to the end of a base word to make a new word. The new word has a related meaning but is a different part of speech. Say the suffixes at the top of the page and have children repeat. Talk about the meaning of each suffix.

Let's look at the words with the suffix -ly. Have children circle the suffix -ly in the first word. To read a word with a suffix, separate the base word and the suffix. What is the base word in the first word? (brave) What is the suffix? (-ly) What is the new word? (bravely) The suffix -ly can mean "how something is done." What does bravely mean? (in a brave way) When have you acted bravely? Continue in the same way with the remaining -ly words and the words with the suffixes -ful, -er, and -or. Briefly talk about each word's meaning. Point out the spelling change in happily. The word happily is made from the base word happy and the suffix -ly. The y in happy changes to i when the suffix is added. Use a similar procedure for driver to point out that the final e in drive is dropped before adding the suffix -er.



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Read the second set of directions with children. Look at the first word. What is the base word? (*loud*) What is the suffix? (-*ly*) What is the new word? (*loudly*) Have children write *loudly*. What does *loudly* mean? (in a loud way) Use a similar procedure for *playful, farmer,* and *inventor*.

#### **TEACHING STRATEGIES**

Help children learn to use knowledge of suffixes when reading an unknown word.

- When you come to an unknown word, look at it carefully to find parts you know. Look for prefixes and suffixes.
- Cover any prefixes, suffixes, and endings.
- Decode the base word. Look for vowel and consonant patterns you know.
- Uncover the other word parts. Say the word, part by part. Blend the whole word.
- Use context to determine the meaning.

Teacher strategies support learning at point of use.

Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er-, -or

#### guide me

Have children look at their Targeted Lessons Student Book, p. 128. Read the directions together. Ask children to tell you in their own words what they are to do. (They will underline the base word, circle the suffix, and read the word.)

Look at the first word. I see the suffix -er. Let's cover that part of the word. What is the base word? Let's sound it out: /p/ /ā/ /n/ /t/. What's the word? (paint) Let's underline the base word paint and circle the suffix -er. Let's read both parts. What is the word? (painter) What is a painter? (someone who paints) Continue the activity with the remaining words, guiding students to identify the base word and suffix and then read the word. Encourage children to identify the meaning of each word. Point out the spelling change in *lazily*. The word *lazily* is made from the base word *lazy* and the suffix -*ly*. The y in *lazy* changed to i when the suffix was added. Let's underline lazi for the base word.

#### work time

All Rights

Task 1 Read the directions together. Remind children to cover the suffix and read the base word. Then uncover the suffix and read the whole word. Ask children to explain how they read the second word, writer. Children should recognize the final e in write was dropped when the suffix -er was added.

Task 2 Read the directions together. Point out that the base word is given in the meaning. Children should choose the correct suffix to make the new word.

Teachers focus on helping students understand the task, not solve the problem. This provides entry for all students to the task.

3 Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, -	or	
) guide me		
Underline the base	word. Circle the su	iffix. Read the word.
<u>paint</u> @	<u>safe</u> (v)	graceu
harmfu	<u>sail</u> 67	<u>laz</u> i
> work time		
Underline the base	word. Circle the su	iffix. Read the word.
1. handfu 2. w	<u>/rit</u> €7 3. quiet	🕥 4. <u>edit</u> 0
Read the meaning.	Add a suffix to ma	() 4. <u>edit()</u> ake a new word.
1. Meaning: full of	skill	ight Post-rai
skill + <u>ful</u> =	skillful	
2. Meaning: some	one who helps	
help + <u>er</u> = _	helper	
3. Meaning: in a q	uick way	
quick + <u>ly</u> =	quickly	
4. Meaning: some	one who visits	
visit + <u>or</u> =	visitor	
28 PHONICS AND SPELLING		

Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er-, -or

#### ) guide me

**High-Frequency Words** Have children look at their Targeted Lessons Student Book, p. 129. Explain that some words are common words that they will see often as they read. Sometimes they can sound these words out, but sometimes they can't. We use these words often, so if you remember what the words look like, you'll be able to read them. Have them look at the first word on the page, *think*. This word is *think*. Listen carefully to the sounds at the end: *th/ /i/ /ng/ /k/*. Show me what it looks like when you think. The other word is *any*. The *y* stands for the sound *l*ē/. Tell children that they will read the words *think* and *any* as they read the story *What Do You Want to Be*?

#### ) work time

**Decodable Text** Have children look at the story *What Do You Want to Be?* Read the story aloud and have children repeat after you. Then have partners take turns reading the story aloud to each other. Have children circle the words with suffixes *-ly*, *-ful*, *-er*, and *-or*. (dancer, actor, inventor, skillful, pitcher, catcher, writer, wonderful, happily). Ask students to identify the base word and suffix in each. As time allows, talk about the meaning of each word.

#### check for understanding

What is a suffix? (a word part added to the end of a word that changes the meaning of a word) Write the suffix -*Iy* on the board. What is this suffix? (-*Iy*) How does it change the meaning of a word? (It makes a word mean "how something is done.") Write the word *quickly* on the board. What is the base word? Cover the suffix and read the base word. (*quick*) What does *quickly* mean? (in a quick way) Continue with *colorful, teacher,* and *inventor*.

Now let's spell words with suffixes. The first word we will spell is *gladly*. What is the base word in *gladly*? (*glad*) Write it first. Say each sound and write the word. What is the suffix in *gladly*? (*-ly*) Say and write the sounds in *-ly*. Continue with *playful*, *painter*, and *actor*.

#### reflect

Have children think about what they have learned. What new words can you read and spell? How does being able to read and spell these words help you?

Promotes classroom conversations. Students have an opportunity to discuss their answers, and teachers can uncover misconceptions, clarify student thinking, investigate approaches and solidify the concept.

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	Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, -or 43				
	🔿 guide me				
	think any				
	⊃ work time				
	Read the story.				
	What Do You Want to Be?				
0.200 frauce VCL on Volg 4.5 Branned	What do you want to be? Think of what you like to do. Do you like to dance? You could be adance Do you like to act? You could be an actor Do you like to make new things? You could be an any posseball? You could be a killful fitche) or catche? Can you write? You could be a write) of wonder tystories. What do you want to be? You can appily say, "I can have any job I want. I will be me!"				
	PHONICS AND SPELLING 129				

### Student Practice - Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, -or

SuccessMaker\*

Deepen conceptual understanding with targeted lessons organized by strand.

SuccessMaker Targeted Lessons

### **Phonics and Spelling**

Student Practice

Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, -or



Circle the suffix. Read the word.

-ly	-ful	-er	-or
(means "how something is done")	(means "full of")	(means "someone who does something")	(means "someone who does something")
brave	help <mark>fu</mark>	driver	actor
happi <mark>(</mark> )	pain <mark>fu</mark> )	singer	creat <mark>0</mark>
slow	use <mark>fu</mark>	teach <mark>e</mark> r	visit 🕜

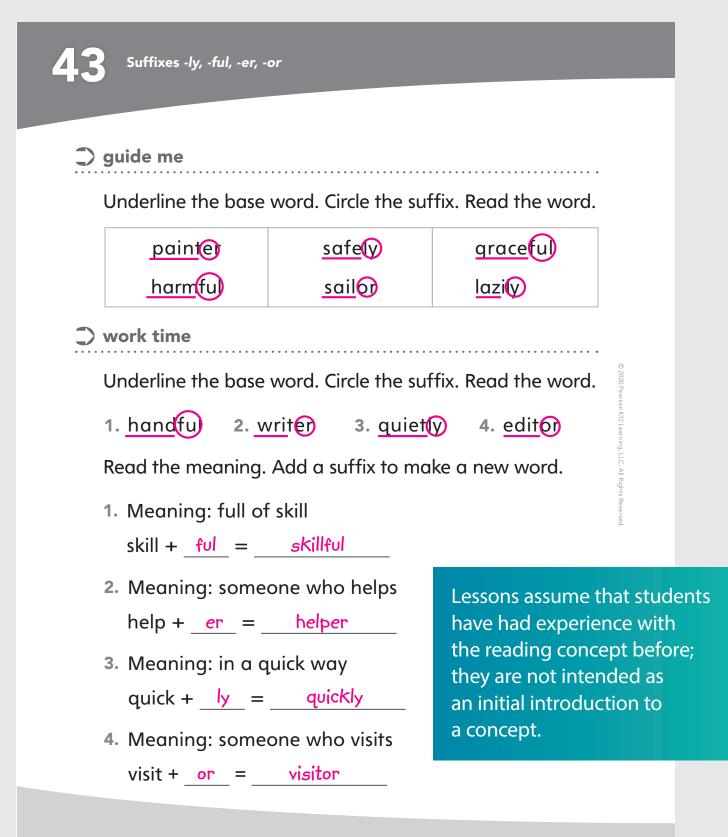
Add the suffix to write a new word.

loud + ly =	loudly
play + ful =	playful
farm + er =	farmer
invent + or = _	inventor

Targeted Lessons provide additional exposure to and focused instruction in specific reading concepts and skills in order to deepen students' conceptual

specific reading concepts and skills in order to deepen students' conceptual understanding and strengthen their performance.

## Student Practice - Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, -or

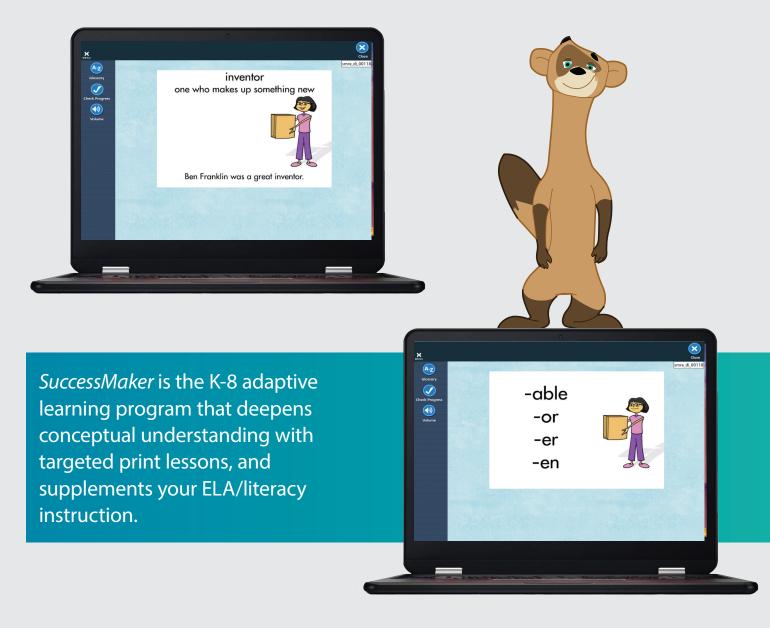


## Student Practice – Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, -or

	Suffixes -ly, -ful, -er, -or 43
	J guide me
	think any
	> work time
	Read the story.
	What Do You Want to Be?
אוב רפמוווווט, רבלי או ואטווט ואפיפועפני.	What do you want to be? Think of what you like to do. Do you like to dance? You could be a dancer
20201 601 300	Do you like to act? You could be an actor Do you like to make new things? You could be an inventor Can you play baseball? You could be a skillful pitcher or catcher.
	Can you write? You could be a writer of wonderful stories. What do you want to be? You can happily say, "I can have any job I want. I will be me!"

PHONICS AND SPELLING 129

## SuccessMaker - Adaptive Learning Program







## Together we'll help all learners be more successful.

## SuccessMaker<sup>®</sup> Reading



### Learn more at SuccessMaker.com.

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